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KN-308

B.Com. (Part-II) Examination, 2022

(New Course)

FOUNDATION COURSE

(English Language)

[Paper : Second]

Time Allowed : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 75

Minimum Passing Marks : 25

Note : Answer **all** questions. Marks are indicated against each question.

UNIT-I

1. Answer **any five** of the following questions : [5×3=15]

- (i) What do you mean by inductive and deductive methods of reasoning?

- (ii) How were wounds sterilized in ancient India?
- (iii) Name the Kings under whom Science flowered in ancient India?
- (iv) What happened when Ramanujan's passion for mathematics gained on him?
- (v) Do you agree with the view that computer have electronic brains?
- (vi) Why is the method of plastic surgery known as the Hindu method?
- (vii) What was the immediate effect of atomic bombing on Hiroshima?
- (viii) With what is parental love compared by the author and why?

UNIT-II

2. (a) Read the passage carefully and answer the following questions : [5]

Books are the chief carriers of education - because of them ideas live and spread. How

important books are you can judge from the fact that very hot countries have little civilization. There are many reasons for this, but one of the most important is that white ants who live in the tropics eat up all the books. For example in tropical South America there are practically no books more than forty or fifty years old. Where there are no books, there are not records and no literature. The ideas and knowledge of one generation are not handed on the next and it is much more difficult for the race to progress and become civilized. But it is no use having books unless people can read them and learning to read is part of what is called education.

Questions :

- (i) How are the books carriers of education?
- (ii) Why do very hot countries have little civilization?
- (iii) Where and when it is difficult for the human race to progress?
- (iv) What is the importance of people's ability to read books?
- (v) Give a suitable title.

- (b) Give antonyms of the following words : **(any five)** [5]

Whole, Effect, Increase, Presence, Major, Closed, Real

- (c) Provide synonyms of the following words : **(any five)** [5]

Imitate, Ordinary, Contribute, Stream, Disturbing, Harm, Blind

- (d) Frame sentences by using these phrases : **(any five)** [5]

Get about, In demand, Work out, Make a mark, Bring out, Turn on, Under the sun, Mortal

UNIT-III

3. Write a report on any one of the following topics : [10]

- (i) Blood Donation Camp
- (ii) Annual Sports Day Celebration
- (iii) Student Union Election

UNIT-IV

4. Write an expansion on **any one** of the following topics : [10]

- (i) The Pen is mightier than the Sword
- (ii) Where there is a will, there is a way
- (iii) Health is Wealth

UNIT-V

5. Do as directed (**any twenty**) : [20]

- (i) Is there _____ F.M. Radio in your city. (Supply suitable article)
- (ii) They came to India twice _____ year. (Supply suitable article)
- (iii) She _____ only one book of English. (Supply correct form of 'have')
- (iv) My nephew _____ here next week. (Supply the correct form of 'arrive')
- (v) She ___ engineering for the last four years. (Supply correct form of verb 'study')

- (vi) Manners make character. (Change the voice)
- (vii) All the students laughed at him. (Change the voice)
- (viii) She was dismissed from service (Change the voice)
- (ix) I ___ run a mile when I was young. (Supply suitable modal)
- (x) They ___ gladly accept the offer. (Supply suitable modal)
- (xi) ___ prosper and live long! (Supply suitable modal)
- (xii) They arrive late ___ the airport. (Supply suitable preposition)
- (xiii) I came here ___ my bicycle. (Supply suitable preposition)
- (xiv) He looked ___ the room. (Supply suitable preposition)
- (xv) Prachi ___ I left early. (Supply suitable conjunction)

(xvi) Do the work slowly _____ carefully. (Supply suitable conjunction)

(xvii) _____ a borrower nor a lender be. (Supply suitable conjunction)

(xviii) (a) Give them sufficient time.

(b) They will do the work well.

(Combine the sentences using 'and')

(xix) (a) She heard the ring.

(b) She rushed to the telephone.

(Combine the sentences using 'and')

(xx) (a) Karan stayed at home.

(b) He did not study.

(Combine the sentences using 'but')

(xxi) (a) Dipti was not hungry.

(b) She ate a few cookies.

(Combine the sentences using 'but')

(xxii) Karan stopped. He used to smoke.

(Make simple sentence using gerund)

(xxiii) The minister refused.

He had taken the bribe.

(Make simple sentence using gerund)

(xxiv) Forgive me. I had to ring up so early.

(Make simple sentence using gerund)

(xxv) You are not very tall. Your brother is _____.(Complete the sentence using comparative degree)

(xxvi) It is not very cold today. It was _____ yesterday.
(Complete the sentence using comparative degree)

(xxvii) Here they are coming. (Correct the sentence)

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